

# LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™

*Suhomyces pyralidae*

## Specific bioprotection against *Brettanomyces bruxellensis*

### DESCRIPTION

LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ is a non-fermentative wine yeast selected from nature with the South African Grape and Wine Research Institute (Stellenbosch University) for its specific bioprotection properties against *Brettanomyces* spp.

This original strain of *Suhomyces pyralidae* produces the "Brettanomyces Inhibition Factor" (Spkt1), which creates disruptions in *Brettanomyces* spp. cell walls.



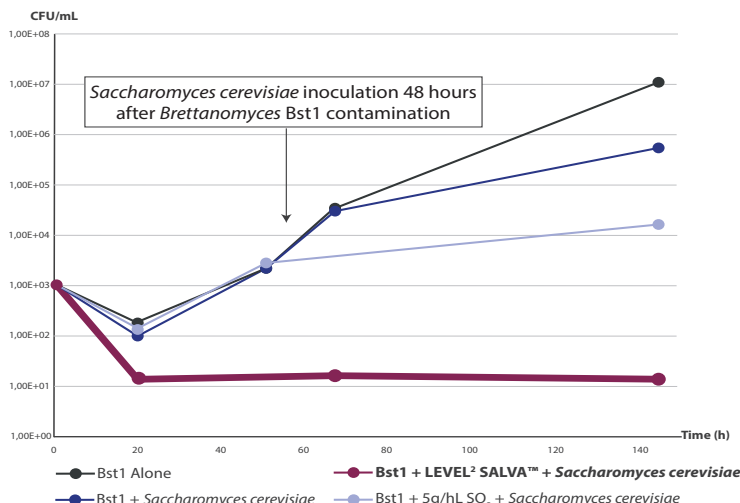
### BENEFITS & RESULTS

Applied in prefermentative stages of the winemaking process (on grapes or musts, from harvest to tank filling), LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ is an innovative bioprotection solution highly effective for controlling *Brettanomyces* spp. populations because of its production of a specific "Brettanomyces Inhibition Factor".

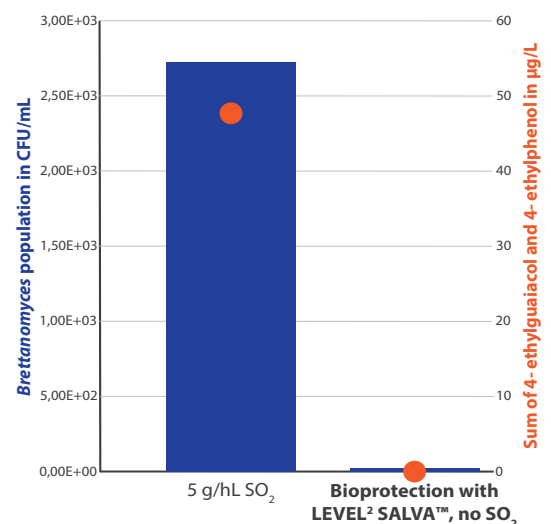
Additionally, LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ enables a diminution in SO<sub>2</sub> usage without compromising wine stability and quality, offering a natural alternative for managing early *Brettanomyces* contamination.

The wines obtained with LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ bioprotection show lower negative volatile phenols concentrations, with a better expression of the grapes potential and typicity.

*Brettanomyces* population evolution in the early stages of winemaking. *Brettanomyces* strain "Bst1" sensitive to SO<sub>2</sub> (lab trial).



Winery trial Cabernet sauvignon (Bordeaux, France), analysis at the end of the malolactic fermentation



### LEVEL<sup>2</sup> RANGE

One of the objectives of our Lallemand Oenology R&D program is to explore the non-*Saccharomyces* biodiversity found in nature. Our R&D team continues to select interesting and original non-*Saccharomyces* yeast and offer them within our LEVEL<sup>2</sup> range. These non-*Saccharomyces* LEVEL<sup>2</sup> yeast provide winemakers with exciting new aromatic complexities and possibilities.



- PROPERTIES\***
- Pure culture of *Suomyces pyralidae*.
  - SO<sub>2</sub> tolerance: < 40 mg/L of total SO<sub>2</sub>.
  - Alcohol tolerance: very low (<3% vol.).
  - Fermentative capacity: very weak to none.
  - Implantation and growth capacities: high.
  - Optimal temperature range: 8 to 26°C.
  - No production of undesirable compounds (such as volatile acidity, SO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, etc.).
  - As LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ is a non-fermentative yeast, proper alcoholic fermentation management is recommended (such as inoculation of a selected *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* yeast and nutrition management).
  - Produces a specific "Brettanomyces Inhibition Factor" highly efficient for *Brettanomyces* population control.

*\*subject to fermentation conditions*

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR OENOLOGICAL USE

**Minimum recommended dosage:** 5 g for 100L of must or 100 kg of grapes.

- Add as early as possible, from harvested grapes to tank filling.
- Rehydrate LEVEL<sup>2</sup> SALVA™ in 10 times its weight of clean water (temperature between 20 °C/68 °F and 30 °C/86 °F).
- Stir gently to suspend.
- The preparation can be kept in water for 9 hours.
- Inoculate grapes or must.
- The difference in temperature between the grapes must and the rehydration culture suspension should not be higher than 10 °C (if necessary, acclimatize the temperature of the preparation by slowly adding must).
- Always rehydrate the yeast in a clean container.

## PACKAGING AND STORAGE

- Store in a dry place at 4-11°C
- To be used once opened

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The information in this document is correct to the best of our knowledge. However, this data sheet should not be considered to be an express guarantee, nor does it have implications as to the sales condition of this product. April 2025.



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YEASTS



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Original by culture

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